

XTC C60 5W-40

Revision nr. 8

Dated 02/03/2015

Printed on 26/11/2015

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# Safety data sheet

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: M 334

Product name XTC C60 5W-40

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Lubrificante per motori 4 tempi

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name MAROIL S.R.L.

Full address LOC. PONTE ALLA CILIEGIA

District and Country 55011 MARGINONE ALTOPASCIO (LU)

ITALIA

Tel. 0583/28731 Fax 0583/286542

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet marco@bardahl.it

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

Numeri telefonici dei principali Centri Antiveleni italiani (attivi 24/24 ore)

Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 0382 24444 (CAV IRCCS Fondazione Maugeri - Pavia)

Centro Antiveleni di Milano 02 66101029 (CAV Ospedale Niguarda Ca` Granda - Milano)

Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo 800 883300 (CAV Ospedali Riuniti - Bergamo)

Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 055 7947819 (CAV Ospedale Careggi - Firenze) Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 3054343 (CAV Policlinico Gemelli - Roma)

Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 49978000 (CAV Policlinico Umberto I - Roma)

Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 49978000 (CAV Policiinico Umberto I - Roma)
Centro Antiveleni di Napoli 081 7472870 (CAV Ospedale Cardarelli - Napoli)

#### SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

## 2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 3

#### 2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives and following amendments and adjustments.



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Danger Symbols:

R phrases:

52/53

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### 2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P264 Wash . . . thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. P273

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to . . .

#### 2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.**

#### 3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

# 3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP). Identification. Conc. %. olii lubrificanti (petrolio), C20-50, base di olio

neutro, idrotrattati CAS. 72623-87-1

Asp. Tox. 1 H304 32,5 - 35

EC. 276-738-4

INDEX. 649-483-00-5



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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

paraffinic

. CAS. 64742-54-7 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 10,5 - 12

EC. 265-157-1

INDEX. -

Reg. no. 01-2119484627-25

Olio minerale

Asp. Tox. 1 H304 CAS. -4 - 4,5

EC. Miscela INDEX. -

Reg. no. Non disponibile

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts

Eve Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit, 2 H315, Aquatic Xi R38, Xi R41, N R51/53 CAS. 84605-29-8 1 - 1,5

Chronic 2 H411

EC. 283-392-8

INDEX. -

Reg. no. 01-2119493626-26

Reaction products of Benzeneamine, N-phenyl-

with nonene (branched)

CAS. 36878-20-3 EC. 253-249-4 1 - 1,5 R53 Aquatic Chronic 4 H413

INDEX. -

Reg. no. 01-2119488911-28

Phenol, dodecyl-, branched

Repr. 2 H361, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 CAS. 121158-58-5 0,1 - 0,15Repr. Cat. 3 R62, Xi R36/38, N R50/53

EC. 310-154-3

INDEX. -

Reg. no. 01-2119513207-49

Difenilamina

Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, STOT RE 2 H373, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 CAS. 122-39-4 0,1 - 0,15T R23/24/25, R33, N R50/53

M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

EC. 204-539-4

INDEX. 612-026-00-5

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol

Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Xi R38, N R50/53 CAS. 128-39-2 0.1 - 0.15

EC. 204-884-0

INDEX. -

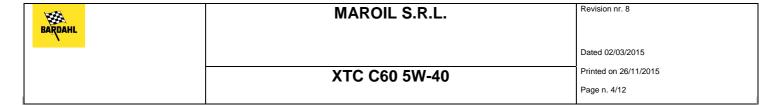
Reg. no. 01-2119490822-33

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = Extremely Flammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

#### **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**



#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

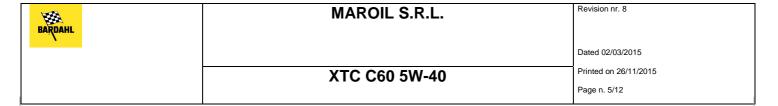
Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.



Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage.**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

## **SECTION 8.** Exposure controls/personal protection.

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

CHE Suisse / Schweiz Valeurs limites d`exposition aux postes de travail 2012. / Grenzwerte am

Arbeitsplatz

GRB United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits

IRL Éire Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011



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Difenilamina Threshold Limit Value.					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
VEL	CHE	10			
MAK	CHE	10			
WEL	GRB	10		20	
OEL	IRL	10		20	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

## ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

#### **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.



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Appearance liquid yellow Colour Odour characteristic Odour threshold. Not available. Not available. Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. Not available. Not available. Boiling range. 200 °C. Flash point. Not available. **Evaporation Rate** Flammability of solids and gases Not available. Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Not available. Vapour pressure. Vapour density Not available. Relative density. 0,858 Kg/l Solubility insoluble Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature. Not available. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Not available. Viscosity Explosive properties Not available.

#### 9.2. Other information.

Oxidising properties

Viscosita a 40°C 79,3 cSt Viscosità a 100°C 13,5 cSt

# SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

Not available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.



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10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts

LD50 (Oral).3100 mg/kg Ratto

LD50 (Dermal).> 2002 mg/kg Ratto

LC50 (Inhalation).> 2,3 mg/l/4h Ratto

Phenol, dodecyl-, branched

LD50 (Oral).2100 mg/kg Ratto

LD50 (Dermal).15000 mg/kg Coniglio

Reaction products of Benzeneamine, N-phenyl- with nonene (branched)

LD50 (Oral).> 5000 mg/kg Ratto

LD50 (Dermal).> 2000 mg/kg Ratto

Difenilamina

LD50 (Oral).> 800 mg/kg Ratto

olii lubrificanti (petrolio), C20-50, base di olio neutro, idrotrattati

LD50 (Oral).> 5000 mg/kg Ratto

LD50 (Dermal).> 2000 mg/kg Coniglio

LC50 (Inhalation).2,18 mg/l/4h Ratto

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol

LD50 (Oral).> 5000 mg/kg Ratto

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

LD50 (Oral).> 5000 mg/kg Ratto

LD50 (Dermal).> 2000 mg/kg Coniglio

LC50 (Inhalation).2,18 mg/l/4h Ratto

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information.**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment. **12.1. Toxicity.** 



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Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts LC50 - for Fish.

46 mg/l/96h Cyprinodon variegatus

Phenol, dodecyl-, branched

LC50 - for Fish. 24 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas EC50 - for Crustacea. 0,037 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic 0,15 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus

Plants.

Reaction products of Benzeneamine, N-phenylwith nonene (branched)

LC50 - for Fish. > 100 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio EC50 - for Crustacea. > 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol

LC50 - for Fish. > 0,1 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

# **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be



evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information.**

Seveso category. None.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point. 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

# **SECTION 16. Other information.**



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Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye Dam. 1

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

**Aquatic Acute 1** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 **Aquatic Chronic 1** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 **Aquatic Chronic 2** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 **Aquatic Chronic 3** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 **Aquatic Chronic 4** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 4

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R23/24/25 TOXIC BY INHALATION, IN CONTACT WITH SKIN AND IF SWALLOWED.

R33 DANGER OF CUMULATIVE EFFECTS. R36/38 IRRITATING TO EYES AND SKIN.

**R38** IRRITATING TO SKIN.

R53

R41 RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.

R50/53 VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE

EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.

TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE R51/53

EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.

R52/53 HARMFUL TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.

MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC

ENVIRONMENT.

Repr. Cat. 3 Reproductive toxicity, fertility, category 3. R62 POSSIBLE RISK OF IMPAIRED FERTILITY.



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#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- **DNEL: Derived No Effect Level**
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 11. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.